SKY RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 Arapahoe County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

SKY RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	Ī
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	1
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	2
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	3
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	4
GENERAL FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	5
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	6
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
DEBT SERVICE FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	15
OTHER INFORMATION	
SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED	17
SCHEDULE OF VALUATIONS OF PROPERTY CLASS	18



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Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the Board of Directors Sky Ranch Metropolitan District No.1

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Sky Ranch Metropolitan District No.1 (the District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Sky Ranch Metropolitan District No.1, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Sky Ranch Metropolitan District No.1 and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Sky Ranch Metropolitan District No.1's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.





In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Sky Ranch Metropolitan District No.1's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Sky Ranch Metropolitan District No.1's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Sky Ranch Metropolitan District No.1's financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The Other Information section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Littleton, Colorado June 29, 2023

Hayrie & Company



SKY RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	 ernmental ctivities
ASSETS Receivable - County Treasurer	\$ 3,265
Property Taxes Receivable	961,997
Total Assets	965,262
LIABILITIES	
Due to Sky Ranch CAB	3,265
Total Liabilities	3,265
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenue	961,997
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	961,997
NET POSITION	
Total Net Position	\$

SKY RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net Revenues

				Program	Revenues			(Exp	penses) and change in et Position
	Ex	kpenses	Charges for Services	Grant	rating ts and outions	Grant	oital s and outions		vernmental Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary Government: Governmental Activities:									
General Government Interest and Related Costs	\$	153,887	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(153,887)
on Long-Term Debt		769,495							(769,495)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	923,382	\$ -	\$		\$			(923,382)
	Pro Spe	ERAL REVEI perty Taxes ecific Owners Total Genera	hip Taxes						867,856 55,526 923,382
	CHAI	NGE IN NET	POSITION						-
	Net P	osition - Beg	inning of Year						
	NET	POSITION -	END OF YEAR					\$	

SKY RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS	(Debt Service	Total Governmenta Funds		
Receivable - County Treasurer Property Taxes Receivable	\$	544 160,333	\$	2,721 801,664	\$	3,265 961,997	
Total Assets	\$	160,877	\$	804,385	\$	965,262	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES Due to Sky Ranch CAB Total Liabilities	\$	544 544	\$	2,721 2,721	\$	3,265 3,265	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property Tax Revenue Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		160,333 160,333		801,664 801,664		961,997 961,997	
FUND BALANCES Total Fund Balances				<u>-</u>			
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	160,877	\$	804,385	\$	965,262	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are the same as above.

SKY RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	 General	Debt Service		Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$ 144,633	\$	723,223	\$	867,856
Specific Ownership Taxes	9,254		46,272		55,526
Total Revenues	 153,887		769,495		923,382
EXPENDITURES					
County Treasurer's Fees	2,168		10,842		13,010
Transfer to Sky Ranch CAB	151,628		758,199		909,827
Contingency	91		454		545
Total Expenditures	153,887		769,495		923,382
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-		-		-
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	 				
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 	\$		\$	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are the same as above.

SKY RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

DEVENUES	а	Orignal and Final Actual Budget Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES Property Taxes	\$	144,483	\$	144,633	\$	150		
Specific Ownership Taxes	Ψ	10,114	Ψ	9,254	Ψ	(860)		
Other Revenue		5,000		-		(5,000)		
Total Revenues		159,597		153,887		(5,710)		
EXPENDITURES								
County Treasurer's Fees		2,167		2,168		(1)		
Transfer to Sky Ranch CAB		152,430		151,628		802		
Contingency		5,000		91		4,909		
Total Expenditures		159,597		153,887		5,710		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-		
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		<u>-</u>						
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$	_	\$			

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Sky Ranch Metropolitan District No. 1 (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and a political subdivision of the State of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the Arapahoe County (County) District Court issued on February 23, 2005 and recorded in the County records on March 15, 2005, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District's service area is located entirely within Arapahoe County, Colorado.

The District was established to provide for the design, acquisition, construction, financing, installation, and maintenance of public improvements and services, including streets, park and recreation, water, sanitary sewer, public transportation, mosquito control, traffic and safety controls, and television relay and translation. Under its Modified Service Plan, approved by the County on September 14, 2005 (the Service Plan), the District was organized in conjunction with three other related Districts: Sky Ranch Metropolitan District Nos. 3 through 5 (the Districts). The District entered into a Community Authority Board Establishment Agreement with District No. 5 on November 3, 2017 and an Amended and Restated Sky Ranch Community Authority Establishment agreement on September 18, 2018 (effective November 13, 2017). The District entered into Second Amended and Restated Sky Ranch Community Authority Board Establishment Agreement (the CABEA) with District Nos. 3 and 5 on August 13, 2021 which establishes the Sky Ranch Community Authority Board (the CAB). The CAB will own, operate and maintain certain public improvements within the boundaries of the Districts that are parties to the CABEA.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes and specific ownership taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is due.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and transferred to the CAB for the payment of principal, interest, and other related costs on long-term debt issued by the CAB for the benefit of the District.

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or, in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August, and generally, sale of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the board of directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the board of directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the board of directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2022, the District had no cash deposits.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District will generally limit its concentration of investments to those which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the board of directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- . Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2022, the District had no investments.

NOTE 4 AUTHORIZED DEBT

At an election held on November 6, 2018, the District's eligible electors authorized the District to impose ad valorem property taxes on an annual basis not to exceed \$162,000,000, and to enter into intergovernmental agreements to share such revenue to fund public improvements. Pursuant to this electoral authority, on November 1, 2019, the District entered into a Capital Pledge Agreement with the CAB (discussed below) and committed to impose a mill levy annually that does not exceed the Service Plan limits for a debt mill levy, to repay Bonds to be issued by the CAB in a principal amount that does not exceed \$162,000,000 (the Pledge Obligation).

The District's voters also authorized the issuance of up to \$1,782,000,000 in General obligation debt for public improvements, however the District's Service Plan debt limit of \$162,000,000 constrains the total amount of debt the District can issue.

Under the Capital Pledge Agreement with the CAB, the District agreed to pledge certain revenues to the CAB pursuant to the intergovernmental agreement provisions of Sections 29-1-203 and -203.5, C.R.S., as described in the Capital Pledge Agreement. The District does not have any remining capacity to pledge because it has pledged to the CAB its full authorization in the form of the Pledge Obligation, which is the same amount as the Service Plan debt limitation.

The Pledge Obligation may be used by the CAB to repay bonds the CAB has issued or will issue, including without limitation, the CAB's \$11,435,000 Limited Tax Supported District No. 1 Senior Bonds (Tax-Exempt Fixed Rate), Series 2019A (the CAB Series 2019A Bonds) and its \$1,760,000 Limited Tax Supported District No. 1 Subordinate Bonds (Tax-Exempt Fixed Rate), Series 2019B (the CAB Series 2019B Bonds, and together with the CAB Series 2019A Bonds, the CAB 2019 Bonds), and future bond issuances by the CAB.

NOTE 5 AGREEMENTS

Sky Ranch Community Authority Board Establishment Agreement (CABEA)

On November 6, 2012, the District's qualified electors voted in favor of the District entering into the CABEA pursuant to which the District and Sky Ranch Metropolitan District No. 5 established the CAB. The CABEA, effective November 13, 2017, was amended and restated on September 18, 2018, pursuant to the Amended and Restated Sky Ranch Community Authority Board Establishment Agreement. On August 13, 2021, the District entered into Second Amended and Restated Sky Ranch Community Authority Board Establishment Agreement with Sky Ranch Metropolitan District Nos. 3 and 5 (collectively, the "CAB Districts").

NOTE 5 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Sky Ranch Community Authority Board Establishment Agreement (CABEA) (Continued)

Pursuant to the CABEA, the CAB will furnish, operate, and plan for the Public Improvements and each District of the CAB Districts shall transfer certain revenues received by it in order to fund the operation and maintenance costs and capital costs of the Public Improvements. Each of the CAB Districts has agreed, and their Service Plans authorize, that the CAB will own, operate, maintain, finance, and construct Public Improvements benefiting the CAB Districts, and that the Districts will contribute to the costs of construction, operation and maintenance of such Public Improvements. It is the intent of the CAB Districts that the CAB may, from time to time, issue debt and use proceeds to finance the Public Improvements and that the CAB will enter into contracts to construct the Public Improvements.

Capital Pledge Agreement

The District entered into a Capital Pledge Agreement with the CAB, dated November 1, 2019, under which the District agrees to impose ad valorem property taxes upon all taxable property of the District, and to transfer the revenues generated from such mill levy imposition, along with the specific ownership taxes attributable to such mill levy, to the CAB for payment of principal and interest on bonds the CAB has issued or will issue, including without limitation, the CAB 2019 Bonds, as well as future bond issuances by the CAB.

NOTE 6 RELATED PARTIES

The Developer of the property within the District is Pure Cycle Corporation (Pure Cycle), and the title of the property is held under PCY Holdings LLC (the Property Owner), which is a wholly owned subsidiary of Pure Cycle. The Developer has advanced funds to the CAB. Certain members of the Board of Directors of the CAB and the Districts hold direct or indirect ownership interests in Pure Cycle or the Property Owner or are otherwise associated with Pure Cycle or the Property Owner and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the CAB and the District. As and when required by law, each affected Board member files a written disclosure of any potential conflicts of interest with the District and the Colorado Secretary of State, and they refrain from voting on affected matters unless allowed by law.

NOTE 7 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 8 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases. As of December 31, 2022, the District has not provided for an emergency reserve fund equal to at least 3% of fiscal year spending, as defined under TABOR, because net tax revenue is transferred to the CAB, which provided for the required reserve amount.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SKY RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

DEVENUE	а	Orignal nd Final Budget	d Final Actual			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Property Taxes	\$	722,470	\$	723,223	\$	753		
Specific Ownership Taxes	Ψ	50,573	Ψ	46,272	Ψ	(4,301)		
Other Revenue		10,000		-		(10,000)		
Total Revenues		783,043		769,495		(13,548)		
EXPENDITURES								
County Treasurer's Fees		10,837		10,842		(5)		
Transfer to Sky Ranch CAB		762,206		758,199		4,007		
Contingency		10,000		454		9,546		
Total Expenditures		783,043		769,495		13,548		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-		
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year				<u> </u>				
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$		\$			

OTHER INFORMATION

SKY RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Prior						
		Assessed lation for	Mills L	evied				Percent
Year Ended		ent Year		Debt	 Total Prop	erty Ta	axes	Collected
December 31,	Ta	x Levy	General	Service	Levied	Co	llected	to Levied
2018	\$	7,048	88.400	_	\$ 623	\$	623	100.00%
2019		7,087	65.277	-	463		440	95.03
2020	3	,865,479	11.132	55.664	258,199		258,201	100.00
2021	5	,737,160	11.132	55.664	383,219		383,219	100.00
2022	12	,979,122	11.132	55.664	866,953		867,856	100.10
Estimated for the Year Ending December 31,								
2023	\$ 14	,162,424	11.321	56.605	\$ 961,997			

SKY RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 SCHEDULE OF VALUATIONS OF PROPERTY CLASS DECEMBER 31, 2022

Property Class		Percent of Total Assessed Valuation		
Residential - Single Family	\$	12,873,736	90.90%	
Commercial		79,829	0.56%	
Vacant Land		849,899	6.00%	
State Assessed		3,540	0.03%	
Personal Property		355,420	2.51%	
Total	_\$	14,162,424	100.00%	